

OREGON HEALTHY WORKFORCE CENTER A NIOSH CENTER OF EXCELLENCE



PUSHing Young Employees to Total Worker Health: How Focus Groups Go Online

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SNAPSHOT OF YOUNG WORKERS

- Most teens (14-19) and young adults (20-24) work
- ▶ 13% of US labor force
- 88% of young workers are in the leisure, restaurant or retail industry



Young Worker Injuries

Young workers are twice as likely to be injured at work than older workers

National Injury Statistics:

- Young worker injury every 9 minutes
- 359 young worker deaths in 2009

Oregon Injury Statistics:

- ~8,300 reported injuries each year
- 52 deaths over a 7 year period (2003–09)

Focus Groups in Oregon:

- Under report injuries
 - 18% of teens report being hurt on the job
 - 60% report a near miss
 - 1/3 of those injured did not report it to employer



OTHER RISK FACTORS



Life vs. Health and Safety:

- Working adolescents get less sleep and are more tired
- Increased work (>20 hours/week) associated with emotional distress & substance abuse
- Know diet and lifestyle have long term impact on health

Young Worker Risk Factors











A Curriculm Presented by: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)





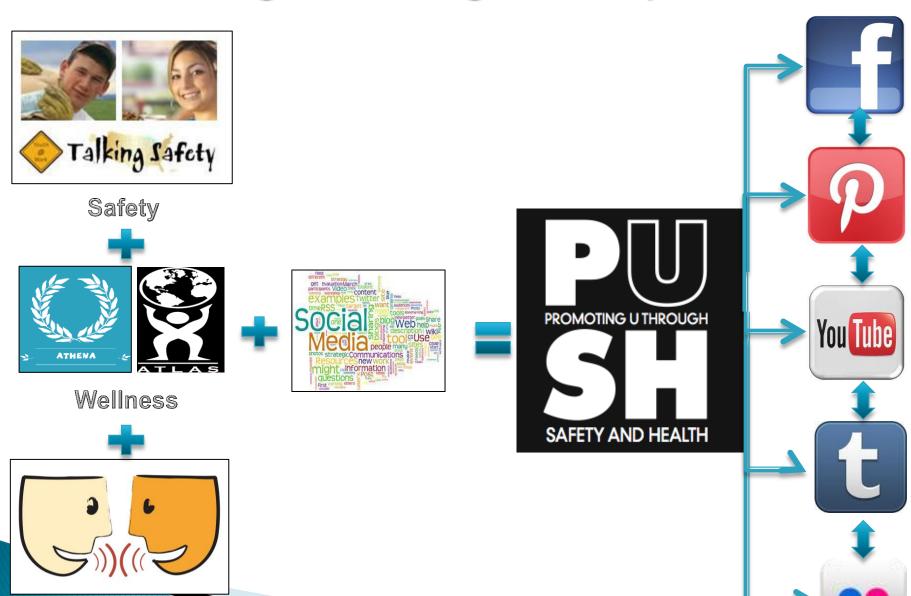


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Many young workers:

- Are not offered appropriate training and are inexperienced*
- May lack confidence or understanding of worker rights
- Are unwilling to ask questions
- Lack supervision
- Are asked to do more dangerous jobs
- Feel pressure to work quickly
- Have a sense of youthful invincibility

Promoting U through Safety & Health



Communication

PORTLAND PARKS & RECREATION

Working with PPR's "wet side"

- Lifeguards, swim instructors, water fitness, cashiers, managers
- ▶ 13 pools divided into 4 "districts" with a district manager

About 600 employees on the "wet side"

- Approximately 80% under 25 years
- Majority part-time seasonal workers



Online Activities

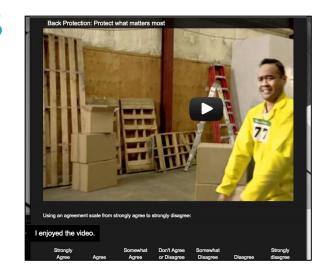
Survey

Characterize the population



Piloting curriculum

Develop online activities Pilot Social Media



Online Survey

(Who are they? What do they know?)

► Summer Survey (online → SurveyGizmo)

ITEMS:
Knowledge
Behavior
Attitudes

TOPICS:
Safety
Wellness
Communication

Recruited at orientation meeting

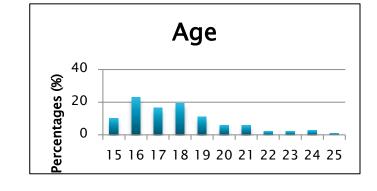


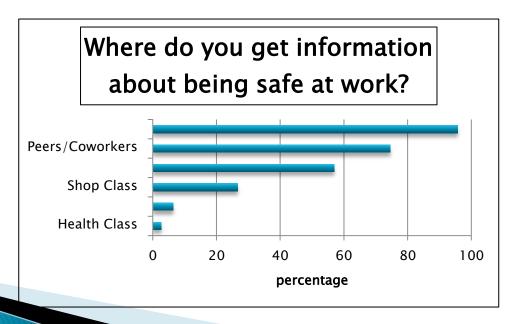
- Sent 348 invitations
 - 73 bounced
 - 275 were invited → 187 completed (68% response rate)



Survey Young Workers (ages 15-25)

- ▶ 65% females
- First job (46%) (84% < 18 years old)
- Working more than 1 job (30%)





Lifestyle

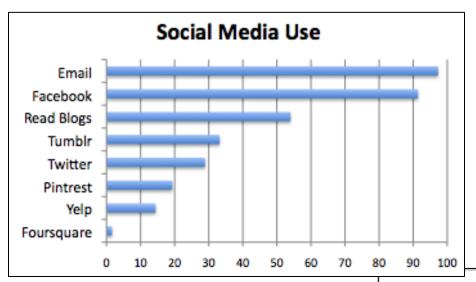
- General Health: 94% rate Good-Excellent
- Nutrition: 27% report never eating fast food (58% less than 3 times/month)
- Smoking: 82% never smoked
- Sleep: 50% reported trouble staying awake at times (e.g., driving, watching TV, and hanging out with friends)
- Drinking: 40% drank alcohol in the last month, and >20% have been drunk in the past month
- Marijuana Use: 35% have used in the last month

Communication

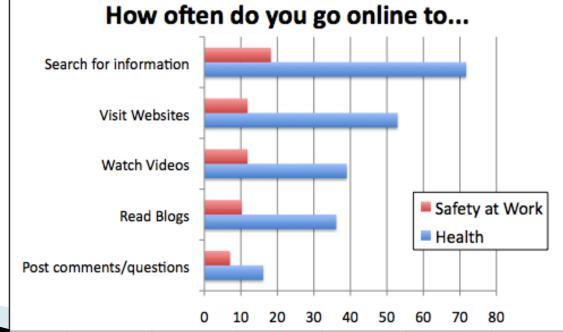
- Communication in the workplace
 - 80% feel learning to talk with supervisors is an important skill to teach young workers
 - 50% felt know their rights at work



Social Media Use







Pilot Testing Curriculum

► Traditional approach → present curriculum and debrief afterwards

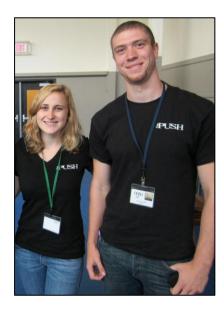


Acceptability, usability, engagement

Novel approach →



- Activities on Tumblr page
- "If we build it will they come?" and will they like it?



Online Focus Groups

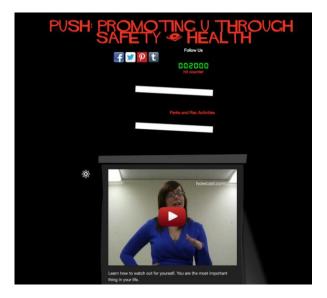
If we build it will they come?

- In–service Activities
 - Supervisor reads script
 - Brief activity
 - Card with link to PUSH Tumble
- PUSH Tumblr page
 - Brief activity
 - Quiz
 - Rated activities
- Competition across pools









Online Focus Groups

- ▶ Piloted12 activities (safety, wellness, communication)
- Participation in Tumblr was 37%
- Reaction was positive for in-service and online activities
 - (rated 5.1 and 5.2 on a 7 point scale; 7 = strongly agree)
- Report learning something (5.1)





In summary...

- Almost half were first-time workers
 - Do not start work with safety training
 less than 10% get safety training at school
 - Rely on workplace to provide training
- Young workers were generally healthy, but they did have areas for improvement
- Use social media to get information
 primarily wellness
- Recognized importance of communication but were not confident in their abilities

In summary...

- Online formats (survey and focus group) are good methods to reach young workers
 - Achieved rates comparable to mailed survey formats
- Using Tumblr was feasible as a means to pilot potential online formats
 - Reactions were positive
 - Competition important to driving workers to Tumblr
- Majority would be willing to learn from a online delivered health and safety curriculum

Next steps...

- Turn activities into online training
- Videos/materials for training/Tumblr...
- Evaluation study next summer



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